App. F. IX-4

Previous References

1939.
(P P)

File No. 76-39
Serial Nos. 2

Later References.

P. 38

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

erial Nos. Nil

Part B for June 1940

SUBJECT.

Notice of Competitive Examination of Federal Public Service Commission.

WD 0578—GPB—22,500—12-9-39

P.B. Rhuslen
10. 6. 40.

7936 P&S Pol 2077

THE OFFICE OF THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE,

Dated Bangalore, the 5th J u n e 1940.

PP 6/7/6

P.P. 76-39-2.

No.R.F.348-40/G & A.

A copy each of the undermentioned paper is forwarded with compliments to the Chief Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore, for information, in continuation of endorsement from this Residency No.R.F.348-40/G & A., dated the 23rd May 1940.

A Notification re: the I Arts Exam. has already been published in the Mysore Gazette. Application forms have to be sent direct to the P.S.C by the candidates. Subd for perusal.

RS 10/6

June 1976

By order, etc.,

for SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT.

P// with previous papers

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1. Notice.
2. Rules (Audit).
3. Rules (Postal).
4. Rules (T.(T.) & C.D.).
5. Application form.
6. Laboratory Certificate form.
7. Instructions to Candidates.
8. Syllabus.
9. Medical Regulations (Audit and Postal).
10. Medical Regulations (T.(T) & C.D.).

EJ

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (INDIA).

NOTICE.

A combined competitive examination for admission to (1) the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, Imperial Customs Service, Military Accounts Department and Indian Railway Accounts Service ; (2) the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service ; and (3) the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways will be held in Delhi, commencing on the 12th November, 1940, under the Rules and Regulations published in the Gazette of India, dated the 11th May 1940. Candidates accepted for admission to the examination will be informed at what place in Delhi and at what hour they should present themselves.

2. The examination will be a combined one for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Services mentioned above. A candidate may apply to be admitted to all or any of these Services. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for more than one Service he need send in only one application. He will be required to pay the fees mentioned in the Rules once only and will not be required to pay separate fees for each Service for which he applies. If he proves successful as a candidate for more than one Service, due consideration will be given to the preferences expressed by him at the time of making his application, but the Government of India reserve power to assign him to any Service for which he is a candidate, if in their opinion the exigencies of the public service render this desirable.

3. A candidate seeking admission to the examination must apply to the Federal Public Service Commission, Metcalfe House, Delhi, on the prescribed form of application, which must reach the Commission on or before the 1st July 1940, accompanied by the necessary documents. No application received after that date will be considered.

4. Copies of the Rules and Regulations, Application Form, etc., should be obtained from the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Metcalfe House, Delhi.

5. No allegation that an application form, or a letter respecting such form has been lost or delayed in the post, will be considered, unless the person making such allegation produces a Post Office certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications, or their requests for forms, until a late date will do so at their own risk.

6. (*a*) Candidates for the Indian Audit and Accounts and Allied Services, Imperial Customs Service and the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service Examinations must have been born not earlier than the 2nd August, 1915, and not later than the 1st August, 1918, provided that candidates to whom the proviso to rule 11 of the Rules prescribed for these Services applies will be admitted if they were born not earlier than the 2nd August, 1912.

(*b*) Candidates for the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments Examination must have been born not earlier than the 2nd August, 1915, and not later than the 1st August, 1919.

Note.—The age limits prescribed cannot be relaxed.

7. Candidates should state the name of the examination for which they have applied in all correspondence with the Federal Public Service Commission.

8. The number of vacancies likely to be filled on the results of this combined competitive examination is as follows :—

Service.	By open Competition.	Muslims.	Anglo-Indians and Domiciled Europeans.	Other Minority Communities
(*a*) Indian Audit and Accounts Service	3	1	..	..
(*b*) Imperial Customs Service	2	..	..	..
(*c*) Military Accounts Department	1	..	..	..
(*d*) Indian Railway Accounts Service	1	..	..	..
(*e*) Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service	2	..	..	
(*f*) Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.	5	1	1	..

These vacancies (the precise number of vacancies is not known at this stage) will be filled in strict order of merit from the lists prepared by the Federal Public Service Commission, subject to the provisions of the Government of India, Home Department, Resolution No. F. 14|17-B.|33-Ests., dated the 4th July, 1934, and the supplementary instructions connected therewith, provided that the Government of India are satisfied that the candidates to be appointed are in all respects suitable for employment in those Services.

SIMLA,

The 9th May 1940.

H. V. HAMPTON,

Secy., Federal Public Service Commission.

10. A candidate must be a male and either—

(*a*) a British subject domiciled in India, whose father (if alive) is a British subject or a subject of a State in India, or (if dead) was at the time of his death either a British subject or a subject of a State in India or a person in the permanent service of the Crown or a person who had retired from that Service ; or

(*b*) a Ruler or a subject of a State in India, or a native of a tribal area or territory adjacent to India, in respect of whom a declaration has been made under Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Provided that in the case of a male British subject the requirements of this rule (other than that concerning domicile) may be waived by Government if satisfied that their observance would occasion exceptional hardship and that the candidate is so closely connected by ancestry or upbringing with His Majesty's dominions as to justify special treatment.

11. Candidates must have attained the age of 22, and must not have attained the age of 25, on the first day of August of the year in which the examination is held.

Provided that a Government* servant who is over the age of 25 and under the age of 28 on that date may be admitted to the examination if he—

(*a*) holds substantively a permanent appointment in a Department or (in the case of the Indian Railway Accounts Service) Branch, whose superior staff generally constitutes the Service for which he is a candidate, and

(*b*) is recommended by the Head of his Department.

12. A candidate must furnish to the Commission such evidence as may be required to show that he is of good character and *prima facie* suitable for admission to the examination. No candidate who is in the employment of the Central or of a Provincial Government will be admitted to the examination, unless the Head of his Department reports that his character and attainments are satisfactory. Success in the examination confers no right to an appointment unless Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, are satisfied, after such further enquiry as may be considered necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

13. A candidate must be a graduate of one of the Universities enumerated in the first appendix to these rules or must hold the Senior Diploma of the Mayo College, Ajmer.

Provided that, in exceptional cases, the Commission may, on the recommendation of the Central Government or a Provincial Government, treat as qualified a candidate who, though he has not any of the foregoing qualifications, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempts on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

16. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix III). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections.

17. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix II to these Rules.

18. (*i*) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(*ii*) For the purposes of rule 5 of these Rules, selections for appointment to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, after consulting the Commission, from candidates of that community or communities who have qualified at the examination.

19. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy these requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be appointed will be medically examined.

20. (*a*) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of 2 years provided that this period may be extended if the officer on probation has not qualified for confirmation by passing the prescribed departmental examina-

†For the purpose of this proviso, a person holding an appointment in the service of an Indian State is not a "Government Servant".

*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a medical practitioner preferably a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission. Candidates will have no right of appeal against the decision of the Medical Board.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION.

Simla, the 8th May 1940.

No. F. 15 (7)-Ex. II|40.—The following rules regulating recruitment to the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department and the Indian Railway Accounts Service are published for general information. They are liable to alteration from year to year.

RULES.

PART I.

Methods of Recruitment.

1. These Rules may be called the Customs and Accounts Service Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purposes of these Rules—

(*a*) "Government" means the Governor-General in Council ;

(*b*) "The Commission" means the Federal Public Service Commission (India) ;

(*c*) "The Service" means the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department and the Indian Railway Accounts Service.

3. The Service shall be recruited by the following methods :—

(*i*) By competitive examination held in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules.

(*ii*) By promotion or transfer from another Service or Department in accordance with Part III of these Rules.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Vacancies in the Service which are filled otherwise than by promotion shall be apportioned between the various communities in India in accordance with the provisions of the Government of India (Home Department) Resolution No. F. 14|17-B.|33-Ests., dated the 4th July 1934, and the supplementary instructions connected therewith.

PART II.

Recruitment by competitive examination.

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such time and place as Government may prescribe by notice issued through the Commission. Every such notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. The competitive examination shall be a combined examination for admission to the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department, the Indian Railway Accounts Service, the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service and the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service he shall state on his application form which Services he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference between them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 16 (and Appendix III) will be sufficient.

Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. If the number of candidates exceeds 400, the Commission may limit the number to be admitted to the examination to 400. In selecting those who shall be admitted to the examination the Commission shall have regard to the suitability of the applicants and to the adequate representation of the various communities and provinces of India.

9. (*i*) A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

*(*ii*) If a candidate is in the permanent or temporary service of Government he shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the Head of his Department or office, who shall forward his application to the Commission with his recommendation, unless he refuses his consent to the application.

(*iii*) If a candidate is not in Government Service he shall apply to the Commission direct.

(*iv*) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one occasion on which an examination is held.

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*The submission of applications by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servants' Applications for Posts (Central Services) (Railway Services) Rules published with the Government of India, Home Department Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. F. 510|31—Ests. 7th June 1934 No. E.34-R. R. I., dated the 22nd January 1935 as amended from time to time and the corresponding rules made by Provincial Governments.

tions. Repeated failure to pass the departmental examinations within a period of 3 years shall involve loss of appointment.

(*b*) If, in the opinion of Government the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(*c*) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the Service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(*d*) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

PART III.

Recruitment by promotion or transfer from another Service or Department.

21. Recruitment by promotion shall be made by selection from among the subordinate gazetted and ministerial establishments of the Service concerned after consultation with the Commission and the officer selected will be appointed by Government. No officer shall have any claim to such promotion as of right.

22. Recruitment by transfer from another Service or Department shall be made by Government after consultation with the Commission, from among members of such other services or departments as may be determined by Government when occasion arises.

23. If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this Part of these Rules.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

APPENDIX I.

List of Universities approved by the Governor-General in Council.

(*Vide* Rule 13.)

Indian Universities—

Any Universities incorporated by an Act of the Central or a Provincial Government in India.

The Mysore University.

The Osmania University.

The University of Travancore.

University in Burma—

The University of Rangoon.

English and Welsh Universities—

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Reading, Sheffield and Wales.

Scottish Universities—

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities—

The Universities of Dublin (Trinity College) and the Queen's University, Belfast.

APPENDIX II.

(*Vide* Rule 17.)

1. The examination will include the following subjects. Each subject will carry the number of marks shown against it :—

Section A.—To be taken by all candidates.

	Marks.
1. Essay	150
2. English	150
3. General Knowledge	150
4. Elementary Geography ..	100
5. Elementary Mathematics ..	100
6. *Viva Voce*	200

Section B.—Candidates are allowed to take subjects in this section up to a total of 600 marks.

	Marks.
7. Pure Mathematics	200
8. Applied Mathematics ..	200
9. Chemistry	200
10. Physics	200
11. English literature (General) ..	200
12. Indian History	200
13. British History	200
14. General Economics	200
15. Economic History	100
16. Statistics	100
17. One of the following :—	
Latin, Greek, French, Sanskrit, Arabic or Persian ..	200
18. Applied Mechanics	200
19. Prime Movers	100

2. A candidate who takes any of the subjects 7, 8, 18 or 19 above will be required to offer some other subject carrying 100 marks in place of subject 5.

3. A candidate who takes Physics or Chemistry as an optional subject must produce, on the prescribed form, a certificate that he has undergone, after passing the intermediate or equivalent examination, laboratory training for a period of one year in an institution authorised to prepare candidates in that subject for a University Degree or in the Mayo College, Ajmer. The certificate must be signed by the head of the institution.

4. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Federal Public Service Commission shall prescribe and the Commission shall, if they think it desirable, determine what shall be the qualifying mark in all or any of the subjects of the examination.

5. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

6. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

7. Credit will be given for good English including orderly, effective and exact expression combined with due economy of words in all subjects of the examination and not only in subjects which are specially devoted to English.

APPENDIX III.

Fees.

(*Vide* Rule 16.)

Candidates must pay the following fees :—

A. To the Federal Public Service Commission—

Rs. 82-8-0 with the application form.

(*Only treasury receipt for this amount will be accepted by the Federal Public Service Commission. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or postal orders or cheques.*)

B. To the Medical Board :—

Rs. 16-0-0 before examination by a Medical Board in the case of successful candidates.

Candidates are required to pay their medical fees in cash to the Medical Boards concerned at the time of their medical examination.

No claim for a refund of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections. A refund of Rs. 75 will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the admission fee of Rs. 82-8-0 but is not admitted to the examination by the Commission under Rule 8 of these rules.

C. E. JONES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS.

RESOLUTION.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 11th May 1940.

No. 8.-81|2|40.—The following rules are prescribed for recruitment to the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service. They are liable to alteration from year to year.

RULES.

PART I.

Methods of Recruitment.

1. These Rules may be called the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purposes of these Rules—

(*a*) "Government" means the Governor General in Council ;

(*b*) "The Commission" means the Federal Public Service Commission (India) ;

(*c*) "The Service" means the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service.

3. The Service shall be recruited by the following methods :—

(*i*) By competitive examination held in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules.

(*ii*) By promotion.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Vacancies in the Service which are filled otherwise than by promotion shall be apportioned between the various communities in India in accordance with the provisions of the Government (Home Department) Resolution No. F. 14|17-B.|33-Ests., dated the 4th July 1934, and the supplementary instructions connected therewith.

PART II.

Recruitment by competitive examination.

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Service shall be held in India at such times and places as Government may prescribe by notice issued through the Commission. Every such notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department, the following provisions shall apply :—

(*i*) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department, he shall state on his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference between them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 16 (and Appendix III) will be sufficient.

(*ii*) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. If the number of candidates exceeds 400, the Commission may limit the number to be admitted to the examination to 400. In selecting those who shall be admitted to the examination the Commission shall have regard to the suitability of applicants and to the adequate representation of the various communities and provinces of India.

9. (*i*) A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

*(*ii*) If a candidate is in the permanent or temporary service of Government he shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the Head of his Department or office, who shall forward his application to the Commission with his recommendation, unless he refuses his consent to the application.

(*iii*) If a candidate is not in Government Service he shall apply to the Commission direct.

(*iv*) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one examination.

10. A candidate must be either

(*a*) a British subject domiciled in India, whose father (if alive) is a British subject or a subject of a State in India, or (if dead) was at the time of his death either a British subject or a subject of a State in India or a person in the permanent service of the Crown or a person who had retired from that Service ; or

(*b*) a Ruler or a subject of a State in India, or a native of a tribal area or

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*The submission of applications by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servants' Applications for Posts (Central Services) (Railway Services) Rules [published with the Government of India Home Department Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. F. 510|31-Ests. 7th June 1934 No. E. 34-R. R. I. , dated the 22nd January 1935 as amended from time to time], and the corresponding rules made by Provincial Governments.

territory adjacent to India, in respect of whom a declaration has been made under Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Provided that in the case of a British subject the requirements of this rule (other than that concerning domicile) may be waived by Government if satisfied that their observance would occasion exceptional hardship and that the candidate is so closely connected by ancestry or upbringing with His Majesty's dominions as to justify special treatment.

Provided also that women candidates shall be unmarried or widows without encumberances and that if selected and appointed they must resign the service on marriage or re-marriage.

11. A candidate must have attained the age of 22 and must not have attained the age of 25 on the first day of August of the year in which the examination begins.

Provided that a Government* servant who is over the age of 25 and under the age of 28 at that date may be admitted to the examination if he—

(*a*) holds substantively a permanent appointment in a Department or Office whose superior staff generally constitutes the service for which he is a candidate, and

(*b*) is recommended by the Head of his Department.

12. A candidate must furnish to the Commission such evidence as may be required to show that he is of good character and *prima facie* suitable for admission to the examination. No candidate who is in the employment of the Central or of a Provincial Government will be admitted to the examination, unless the Head of his Department reports that his character and attainments are satisfactory. Success in the examination confers no right to an appointment unless Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, are satisfied, after such further enquiry as may be considered necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

13. A candidate must be a graduate of one of the Universities enumerated in Appendix I to these rules or must hold the Senior Diploma of the Mayo College, Ajmer.

Provided that in exceptional cases the Commission may on the recommendation of the Central Government or a Provincial Government treat as a qualified candidate, a candidate who, though he has not all or any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, has passed examinations conducted by other institutions of a standard which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

* For the purpose of this proviso, a person holding an appointment in the service of an Indian State is not a "Government Servant".

15. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

16. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix III). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections.

17. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix II to these Rules.

18. (*i*) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(*ii*) For the purposes of rule 5 of these Rules, selections for appointment to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, after consulting the Commission, from candidates of that community or communities who have qualified at the examination.

19. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Service. A candidate who (after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be appointed will be medically examined.*

20. (*a*) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period which will not ordinarily exceed two years.

(*b*) If, in the opinion of Government the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(*c*) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the Service or may extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a medical practitioner, preferably a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission. Candidates will have no right of appeal against the decision of the Medical Board.

(*d*) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (*b*) or (*c*) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable, on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(*e*) If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

(*f*) Particulars as to pay and general conditions of service prescribed for Probationers in the Postal Superintendents' Service will be found in Appendix IV.

PART III.

Recruitment by promotion.

21. Recruitment by promotion shall be made by selection from among the Inspectors of Post Offices and of the Railway Mail Service and Head Clerks to Superintendents of post offices and the officer selected will be appointed by Government. No officer shall have any claim to such promotion as of right.

22. If the power to make appointments in the Service is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this part of these Rules.

APPENDIX I.

List of Universities approved by the Governor General in Council.

(*Vide* RULE 13.)

Indian Universities—

Any University incorporated by an Act of the Central or a Provincial Government in India.

The Mysore University.

The Osmania University.

The University of Travancore.

University in Burma—

The University of Rangoon.

English and Welsh Universities—

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Reading, Sheffield and Wales.

Scottish Universities—

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh. Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities—

The University of Dublin (Trinity College) and the Queen's University, Belfast.

APPENDIX II.

The Standard and Syllabus of the Examination.

(*Vide* RULE 17.)

1. The examination will include the following subjects. Each subject will carry the number of marks shown against it :—

Section A.—To be taken by all candidates.

	Marks.
1. Essay	150
2. English	150
3. General Knowledge ..	150
4. Elementary Geography ..	100
5. Elementary Mathematics	100
6. *Viva Voce*	200

Section B.—Candidates are allowed to take subjects in this section up to a total of 600 marks.

	Marks.
7. Pure Mathematics ..	200
8. Applied Mathematics ..	200
9. Chemistry	200
10. Physics	200
11. English literature (General)	200
12. Indian History ..	200
13. British History ..	200
14. General Economics ..	200
15. Economic History ..	100
16. Statistics	100
17. One of the following— Latin, Greek, French, Sanskrit, Arabic or Persian ..	200
18. Applied Mechanics ..	200
19. Prime Movers ..	100

2. A candidate who takes any of the subjects 7, 8, 18 or 19 above will be required to offer some other subject carrying 100 marks in place of subject 5.

3. A candidate who takes Physics or Chemistry as an optional subject must produce, on the prescribed form, a certificate that he has undergone, after passing the intermediate or equivalent examination, laboratory training for a period of one year in an institution authorised to prepare candidates in that subject for a University Degree or in the Mayo College, Ajmer. The certificate must be signed by the head of the institution.

4. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Federal Public Service Commission shall prescribe and the Commission shall, if they think it desirable, determine what shall be the qualifying marks in all or any of the subjects of the examination.

5. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

6. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.

7. Credit will be given for good English including orderly, effective and exact expression combined with due economy of words in all subjects of the examination and not only in subjects which are specially devoted to English.

APPENDIX III.

Fees.

(*Vide* RULE 16.)

Candidates must pay the following fees :—

A.—To the Federal Public Service Commission—

Rs. 82-8-0 with the application form.

(*Only treasury receipts for these amounts will be accepted by the Federal Public Service Commission. The Commission cannot accept fees in cash or Postal Orders or cheques.*)

B.—To the Medical Board—

Rs. 16-0-0 before examination by a Medical Board in the case of successful candidates.

Candidates are required to pay their medical fees in cash to the Medical Boards concerned at the time of their medical examination.

No claim for a refund of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections. A refund of Rs. 75 will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the admission fee of Rs. 82-8-0 but is not admitted to the examination by the Commission under Rule 8 of these rules.

APPENDIX IV.

[*Vide* RULE 20 (*f*).]

General conditions of service prescribed for Probationers in the Postal Superintendents Service.

Selected candidates will be appointed as Probationers for training in the Department for a period which will not ordinarily exceed two years. They will receive pay at the rate of Rs. 200 a month for the first year. On satisfactory conclusion of the first year's training they will receive Rs. 220 a month for the second year. Those who make satisfactory progress during the second year's training and pass the prescribed departmental test will be appointed to the cadre of Superintendents of Post Offices and R. M. S. on a scale of Rs. 240—20—480—15—600 in alternate permanent vacancies in that grade. These conditions of service are subject to revision according to the requirements of the service. Candidates will not be entitled to compensation if they are adversely affected by any changes in the conditions of service which may subsequently be introduced.

S. N. ROY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 11th May 1940.

No. E.-40-R.R.-5.—The following rules for recruitment to the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways are published for general information. They are liable to alteration from year to year.

RULES.

PART I.

Methods of Recruitment.

1. These Rules may be called the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways Recruitment Rules.

2. For the purposes of these Rules—

(*a*) " Government " means the Governor General in Council ;

(*b*) " The Commission " means the Federal Public Service Commission (India) ;

(*c*) " High Commissioner " means the High Commissioner for India ;

(*d*) " the Department " means the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways ;

(*e*) " Direct appointment " means appointment otherwise than on the result of a competitive examination or by promotion or transfer from another Service|Department.

3. The Department shall be recruited by the following methods :—

(*i*) By competitive examination held in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules.

(*ii*) By direct appointment of persons of non-Asiatic domicile by the High Commissioner for India by selection from the United Kingdom in accordance with the rules made by him.

(*iii*) By promotion or transfer from another Service in accordance with Part III of these Rules.

(*iv*) By direct appointment of persons of Indian Domicile in accordance with Part IV of these Rules.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 3, Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period, and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. Vacancies in the Department which are filled otherwise than by promotion shall be apportioned between the various communities in India in accordance with the provisions of the Government of India (Home Department) Resolution No. F. 14|17-B.|33-Ests., dated the 4th July 1934, and the supplementary instructions connected therewith, and that Department Resolution No. 14|5|38, dated the 1st May 1939.

PART II.

Recruitment by competitive examination.

6. A competitive examination for admission to the Department shall be held in India at such times and places as Government may prescribe by notice issued through the Commission. Every such notice will, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. If the examination held under this part of these Rules is a combined examination for the purpose of making appointments to more than one Service or Department, the following provisions shall apply :—

(*i*) Any person may apply to be admitted as a candidate for appointment in all or any of these Services or Departments for which he is eligible. If he wishes to compete for appointment in more than one Service or Department, he shall state on his application form which Services or Departments he wishes to compete for and the order of his preference between them, and in such case only one application form will be necessary and one payment of the fees referred to in rule 16 (and Appendix III) will be sufficient.

(*ii*) Government shall assign successful candidates to each Service or Department on a consideration of all circumstances including any personal preference expressed by the candidate.

8. If the number of candidates exceeds 400, the Commission may limit the number to be admitted to the examination to 400. In selecting those who shall be admitted to the examination the Commission shall have regard to the suitability of the applicants and to the adequate representation of the various communities and provinces of India.

9. (*i*) A candidate must apply to be admitted to the examination before such date, in such manner, and in such form as the Commission may prescribe.

*(*ii*) If a candidate is in the permanent or temporary service of Government he shall apply to the Commission for admission to the examination through the Head of his Department or office, who shall forward his application to the Commission with his recommendation, unless he refuses his consent to the application.

(*iii*) If a candidate is not in Government Service he shall apply to the Commission direct.

(*iv*) No candidate may make more than one application in respect of any one occasion on which an examination is held.

10. A candidate must be a male and either—

(*a*) a British subject of Indian domicile whose father (if alive) is a British subject or a subject of a State in India, or (if dead) was at the time of his death either a British subject or a subject of a State in India or a person in the permanent service of the Crown or a person who had retired from that Service ; or

(*b*) a Ruler or a subject of a State in India, or a native of a tribal area or territory adjacent to India, in respect of whom a declaration has been made under Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Provided that in the case of a male British subject the requirements of this rule (other than that concerning domicile) may be waived by Government if satisfied that their observance would occasion exceptional hardship and that the candidate is so closely connected by ancestry or upbringing with His Majesty's dominions as to justify special treatment.

11. A candidate must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 on the first day of August of the year in which the examination begins.

NOTE.—These age limits apply whether or not a candidate is already in Government Service.

12. A candidate must furnish to the Commission such evidence as may be required to show that he is of good character and *prima facie* suitable for admission to the examination. No candidate who is in the employment of the Central or of a Provincial Government will be admitted to the examination, unless the Head of his Department reports that his character and attainments are satisfactory. Success in the examination confers no right to an appointment unless Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, are satisfied, after such further enquiry as may be considered necessary, that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the public service.

13. A candidate must—

(*i*) hold a degree of one of the Universities enumerated in Appendix I (*a*) to these rules ; or

(*ii*) have passed Parts A and B of the Associate Membership examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) ; or have such educational qualifications as are now or may subsequently be recognised by that Institution as exempting candidates from passing Parts A and B of that examination. [For qualifications at present recognised *see* Appendix I (*b*)] ; or

(*iii*) hold a degree of any University in the Dominions, approved for this purpose by the Commission, or the Associateship or Fellowship of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore ; or

(*iv*) have such other qualifications, if any, as may be approved by the Governor General in Council after consulting the Commission.

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

15. No recommendations except those invited in the form of application shall be taken into consideration. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by other means may disqualify him for admission.

16. Candidates must pay such examination fees as Government may prescribe (see Appendix III). No claim for a refund of any of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections.

17. Examinations under these Rules shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in the regulations which form Appendix II to these Rules.

18. (*i*) After every examination the Commission shall make a list of the candidates in order of their merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate, and in that order so many candidates up to the number of vacancies announced under rule 6 above, as are found by the Commission to be qualified by the examination and are considered by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, to be suitable in all other respects, shall be appointed.

(*ii*) For the purposes of rule 5 of these Rules, selections for appointment to vacancies to be filled by members of a particular community or communities shall be made by Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, after consulting the Commission, from candidates of that community or communities who have qualified at the examination.

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*The submission of applications by persons in Government service is further governed by the Government Servants' Applications for Posts Rules (published with the Government of India Home Department (Central Services) Notification No. F. 510/31-Ests. dated the 7th June 1934 and Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. E. 34-R. R. I. dated the 22nd January 1935 as amended from time to time), and the corresponding rules made by Provincial Governments.

19. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Department. A candidate who (after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe) is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed. Only candidates who are likely to be appointed will be medically examined.*

20. (*a*) Appointments shall be made on probation for a period of three years.

(*b*) If, in the opinion of Government the work or conduct of an officer on probation is unsatisfactory, or shows that he is unlikely to become efficient, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(*c*) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may confirm the officer in his appointment, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him from the Service or extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(*d*) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (*b*) or (*c*) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(*e*) If the power to make appointments in the Department is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

(*f*) Particulars as to (1) pay and the State Railway Provident Fund Rules and (2) courses of training will be found in Appendices IV and V.

Part III.

Recruitment by promotion or transfer from another Service or Department.

21. Recruitment by promotion shall be made by selection from among the specially qualified officers of the Lower Gazetted Service and subordinates of the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department, after consultation with the Commission, and the person selected will be appointed by Government. No one shall have any claim to such promotion as of right.

22. Recruitment by transfer from another Service|Department shall be made by Government after consultation with the Commission, from among members of such other services or departments as may be determined by Government when occasion arises.

23. If the power to make appointments in the Department is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this Part of these Rules.

Part IV.

Recruitment by Direct Appointment.

24. Recruitment by direct appointment of eligible persons living in India shall be made in India on the recommendation of the Commission, and of eligible persons living out of India on the recommendation of the High Commissioner, who may appoint a selection board to advise him concerning the appointment, and may determine the manner in which any such selection board shall exercise its functions.

25. Every candidate for direct appointment—

(*a*) must be a male and either

(*i*) a British subject of Indian domicile whose father (if alive) is a British subject, or (if dead) was at the time of his death either a British subject or a subject of a State in India or a person in the permanent service of the Crown, or a person who had retired from that service, or,

(*ii*) a Ruler or a subject of a State in India.

Provided that a Ruler or a subject of a State in India cannot be appointed unless he has obtained a declaration under sub-section I of Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935 ;

(*b*) must be not less than 21 and not more than 25 years of age on the first day of August in the year in which the appointment is to be made ;

(*c*) must—

(*i*) hold a degree of one of the Universities enumerated in Appendix I (*a*) to these rules ; or

(*ii*) have passed Parts A and B of the Associate Membership examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) ; or have such educational qualifications as are now or may subsequently be recognised by that Institution as exempting candidates from passing Parts A and B of that examination. [For qualifications at present recognised, *see* Appendix I (*b*)] ; or

(*iii*) hold a degree of any University in the Dominions, approved for this purpose by the Commission, or the Associateship or Fellowship of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore ; or

(*iv*) have such other qualifications, if any, as may be approved by the Governor General in Council after consulting the Commission ; and such other special qualifications as Government may prescribe for the Department or post to which appointment is to be made ;

*In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a medical practitioner, preferably a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be submitted before appointment and of the standards required can be had from the Commission. Candidates will have no right of appeal against the decision of the Medical Board.

(*d*) must satisfy the Commission or the High Commissioner, as the case may be, that his character and antecedents are such as to make him suitable for appointment to the Department or post.

26. The decision of the Commission, or of the High Commissioner, as the case may be, on the question whether a candidate does, or does not, satisfy any of the requirements of rule 25 [including special qualifications, if any, prescribed under sub-rule (*c*) of rule 25] shall be final.

*27. Government may modify or waive all or any of the requirements of rule 25 (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) when an appointment for work of a special nature is to be made and it is not practicable to obtain a suitable candidate who fulfils all the requirements of rule 25.

28. A candidate for direct appointment must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the Department. A candidate who (after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe), is found not to satisfy those requirements will not be appointed.

29. When a direct appointment is to be made on the recommendation of the Commission every candidate must, at the time of application, pay such fee as Government after consulting the Commission may from time to time prescribe (See Appendix III), and candidates must submit such proofs of their qualifications as the Commission may require.

30. (*a*) Direct appointments will be made on probation for a period of three years.

(*b*) If the work or conduct of an officer on probation is in the opinion of Government unsatisfactory, Government may discharge him forthwith.

(*c*) On the conclusion of his period of probation, Government may either confirm the officer in his appointment, or, if his work or conduct has in the opinion of Government been unsatisfactory, Government may either discharge him or extend his period of probation for such further period as Government may think fit.

(*d*) If no action is taken by Government under sub-rule (*b*) or (*c*) of this rule, the period after the prescribed period of probation shall be treated as an engagement from month to month, terminable on either side on the expiration of one calendar month's notice in writing.

(*e*) If the power to make appointments in the Department is delegated by Government to any officer, that officer may exercise any of the powers of Government under this rule.

APPENDIX I (*a*).

[*Vide* Rule 13 (*i*).]

List of Universities approved by the Governor General in Council.

Indian Universities.

Any University incorporated by an Act of the Central or of a Provincial Legislature in India.

*Any exercise of the power under this rule will be subject to the provisions of Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The Mysore University.

The Osmania University.

The University of Travancore.

University in Burma.

The University of Rangoon.

English and Welsh Universities.

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Sheffield and Wales.

Scotch Universities.

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities.

The University of Dublin (Trinity College).

The Queen's University of Belfast.

APPENDIX I (*b*).

[*Vide* Rule 13 (*ii*).]

List of Examinations recognised by the Council of the Institution of Engineers (India) as exempting from Parts "A" and "B" of the Associate Membership Examination.

Institution of Civil Engineers.	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Mechanical Engineers.	Sections A and B of the Associate Membership Examination.
Institution of Electrical Engineers.	The Graduateship Examination.
Oxford	B. A. with Honours in Engineering Science, Final Honours School.
Cambridge	B. A. (Honours) Mechanical Sciences Tripos.
St. Andrews	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Glasgow	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Edinburgh	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Dublin	B. A. I. (Ordinary or with Honours in Engineering).
McGill University (Montreal). ..	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" or "Metallurgical" or "Mining" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Durham	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering, or in "Naval Architecture". (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
London	B. Sc. in (External and Internal Degree) Engineering [not including the B. Sc. Engineering (Mining or the B. Sc. in Engineering (Metallurgy)]. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Victoria University (Manchester).	B. Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Electrical Engineering.
	B. Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division II) in Electrical Engineering.
	B. Sc. Tech. (Higher Course Honours Division or Ordinary Course Division I) in Municipal Engineering.
	B. Sc. Tech. (Ordinary Course Division I) in Mechanical Engineering.
	B. Sc. in Engineering (Honours Degree ; or Ordinary Degree from 1925 onwards).
	B. Sc.Technical in "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours Division in the Final Examination).

Birmingham	B.Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Liverpool	B.Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Marine" or "Electrical" Engineering, or "Naval Architecture". (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Leeds	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Sheffield	B. Eng. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering Honours Degree or Ordinary Degree with a First Class in the Final Examination. A First Class in the final examination will not be required in the cases of Degrees obtained in or after June 1930.
Bristol	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering. (Honours or Ordinary Degree).
Wales	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
National University of Ireland.	B. E.
Queen's University (Belfast).	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Sydney	B. E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Melbourne	B. C. E., B. Mech. E. or B. E. E.
New Zealand	B. E. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Adelaide	B. E. in "Civil", "Mechanical" or "Electrical" Engineering.
Queensland	B. E. in "Civil" or in "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Western Australia ..	B. E.
South Africa	B. Sc. in Engineering (until 1921).
Cape Town	B. Sc. in Engineering.
Witwatersrand ..	B. Sc. in "Civil" or "Mechanical" and "Electrical" Engineering.
Calcutta	B. E. Exam. in Civil or Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
Bombay	B. E. Examination.
Madras	B. E. Examination.
Benares Hindu University.	B. Sc. Examination in Engineering.
Patna	B. C. E.
Rangoon	B. Sc. in Engineering (from 1932).
Mysore	B. E. in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.
Punjab	B. Sc. in Engineering.

Diplomas in Engineering—

City and Guilds (Engineering) College, Kensington.

Univeristy College, London.

King's College, London.

City and Guilds of London Institute, Technical College, Finsbury : Diploma or Higher Certificate (three years' course) if taken by Matriculated Students or Students who have passed the Institution Studentship Examination or its recognised equivalent.

Royal Technical College, Glasgow. Final Diploma Examination in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering provided an approved Matriculation Examination has been passed before beginning the course.

Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee—Assistant Engineer's Certificate.

Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore—

Certificate in Electrical Technology, or Certificate in Electrical Communication Engineering.

Manchester—Certificate in Technology, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering.

Punjab College of Engineering and Technology (Formerly Maclagan Engineering College, Moghulpura), Lahore :—

"A" Class Diploma in the First Division (65 per cent. or more marks) and in the Honours Division (80 per cent. or more marks) in (*i*) Mechanical Engineering and (*ii*) Electrical Engineering from 1935.

Heriot-Watt College, Edinburgh Associateship in Electrical Engineering.

Naval Officers :—

Examination which qualifies as Lieutenant (E.).

Royal Naval College, Greenwich :—

Professional Certificate for Constructors.

APPENDIX II.

The Standard and Syllabus of the Examination.

(*Vide* Rule 17.)

1. The examination will include the following subjects. Each subject will carry the number of marks shown against it :—

Section A.—To be taken by all candidates.

	Marks.
1. Essay	150
2. English	150
3. General Knowledge	150
4. Elementary Geography ..	100
5. Elementary Mathematics ..	100
6. *Viva Voce*	200

Section B.—Candidates are allowed to take subjects in this section up to a total of 600 marks.

	Marks.
7. Pure Mathematics	200
8. Applied Mathematics ..	200
9. Chemistry	200
10. Physics	200
11. English literature (General) ..	200
12. Indian History	200
13. British History	200
14. General Economics	200
15. Economic History	100
16. Statistics	100
17. One of the following :—	
Latin, Greek, French, Sanskrit, Arabic or Persian ..	200
18. Applied Mechanics	200
19. Prime Movers	100

2. A candidate who takes any of the subjects 7, 8, 18 or 19 above will be required to offer some other subject carrying 100 marks in place of subject 5.

3. A candidate who takes Physics or Chemistry as an optional subject must produce, on the prescribed form, a certificate that he has undergone, after passing the intermediate or equivalent examination, laboratory training for a period of one year in an institution authorised to prepare candidates in that subject for a University Degree. The certificate must be signed by the head of the institution.

4. The standard and syllabus of the examination will be such as the Federal Public Service Commission shall prescribe and the Commission shall, if they think it desirable, determine what shall be the qualifying mark in all or any of the subjects of the examination.

5. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

6. If a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible, a deduction will be made on this account from the total marks otherwise accuring to him.

7. Credit will be given for good English including orderly, effective and exact expression combined with due economy of words in all subjects of the examination and not only in subjects which are specially devoted to English.

APPENDIX III.

FEES.

(*Vide* Rule 16.)

Candidates must pay the following fees :—

A. To the Federal Public Service Commission—

Rs. 82-8-0 with the application form.

(*Only treasury receipt for this amount will be accepted by the Federal Public Service Commission. The Commission cannot accept the fee in cash or postal orders or cheques.*)

B. To the Medical Board—

Rs. 16-0-0 before examination by a Medical Board in the case of successful candidates.

Candidates are required to pay their medical fees in cash to the Medical Boards concerned at the time of their medical examination.

No claim for a refund of these fees will be entertained, nor can they be held in reserve for subsequent examinations or selections. A refund of Rs. 75 will, however, be allowed to a candidate who has paid the admission fee of Rs. 82-8-0 but is not admitted to the examination by the Commission under Rule 8 of these rules.

APPENDIX IV.

[*Vide* Rule 20 (*f*).]

Particulars regarding the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

(The arrangements and the rates of pay hereinafter described are subject to revision according to the requirements of the Service.)

1. (*a*) Candidates selected for appointment under rule 3 (*i*) will be appointed as probationary officers in the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department for a period of three years during which they will undergo the training prescribed in Appendix V.

(*b*) During this probationary period the agreement which probationary officers are required to sign may be terminated by three months' notice on either side.

(*c*) At the conclusion of the probationary term of 3 years, officers, who have passed the written and oral tests prescribed in the subjects in which they have been trained, and, who are well reported on, will be confirmed in the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department. On confirmation their agreement will be continued subject to their service being terminable on six months' notice on either side.

2. Probationers will be required to pass a language examination in *Urdu* by the Lower Standard, modified to suit the requirements of the Railways, before they can be confirmed or granted any increment beyond the first during the period of their probation. Probationers who can read, write and speak in Urdu may be exempted, by the General Manager from passing the language examination. Failure to pass the examination within the probationary period involves liability to removal from service.

3. Officers (including probationers) of the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, recruited under these rules, will not be entitled to pension on quitting the service, but will be eligible throughout their service for the benefits of the State Railway Provident Fund, to which they will be required to subscribe, and by the rules of which Fund they will be required to abide. A summary of the benefits of the State Railway Provident Fund will be found in rule 14 of this Appendix.

4. Pay will commence from the date of joining service. Service for increments will also count from that date.

5. Officers recruited under these rules shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of State Railways.

6. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the railway to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway. But the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers in the exigencies of service to any other railway or project in or out of India.

7. The relative seniority of officers appointed under rule 3 (1) will ordinarily be determined by their order of merit in the competitive examination. The Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under rules 3 (*iii*) and (*iv*) positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

8. The following are the rates of pay at present admissible to officers appointed in India to the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways :—

Persons recruited to the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways shall be considered on probation for a period of at least two years while under training and they shall draw during the probationary period—

(*a*) in the first year Rs. 250.

(*b*) in the next year, provided they have passed any departmental examinations that may be prescribed, Rs. 275, otherwise they will remain on Rs. 250. After two years, and provided they have passed all the departmental examinations prescribed they will start on the time-scale prescribed below, *viz.*, Rs. 300. The stipulation regarding the passing of all departmental examinations after the 2nd year of their training does not apply to probationers selected for training in rates work who are finally examined at the end of their 3rd year. Such probationers will draw Rs. 300 per mensem in the third year of training on the completion of which they will in the fourth year start on Rs. 325 per mensem in the time scale prescribed below provided they have by that time passed all departmental examinations. (*See* Appendix V.)

ASSISTANT AND DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Assistant Officers.

Rs. 300—25—400.

Rs. 450 in 7th year on time-scale, and Rs. 500 in 10th year on time-scale.

District Officers.

Grade III (to include 50 per cent. of the District Officers' posts)—Rs. 750 per mensem.

Grade II (to include 30 per cent. of the District Officers' posts)—Rs. 850 per mensem.

Grade I (to include 20 per cent. of the District Officers' posts)—Rs. 950 per mensem.

NOTE.—No officiating appointments will be permissible between the three grades of District Officers in these Departments.

ADMINISTRATIVE POSTS.

(*i*) *Junior Administrative Posts.*

	Rs.
Deputy Chief Operating Superintendent, East Indian Railway and North Western Railway. Deputy Chief Commercial Manager, East Indian Railway and North Western Railway. Deputy Traffic Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway. Deputy Transportation Superintendents, Great Indian Peninsula Railway. Divisional Transportation Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway. Deputy Traffic Manager, Great Indian Peninsula	1,300

(*ii*) *Senior Administrative Posts.*

Chief Traffic Manager, Great Indian Peninsula Railway. Chief Commercial Manager, East Indian Railway and North Western Railway Traffic Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway.	2,000
Chief Operating Superintendents, North Western and East Indian Railways and the Chief Transportation Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway	2,250

9. The increments will be given for approved service only and in accordance with rules of the Department.

10. Promotions to the administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection ; mere seniority is considered to confer no claim to promotion.

11. The Administrative appointments in the Tranpsortation (Traffic) Department are also open to officers of the Transportation (Power) Department.

12. The administrative appointments are not reserved for officers of the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial or Transportation (Power) Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and the Government of India reserve the right to appoint, at their discretion, an officer of any department of a Railway to any of these posts.

13. Officers of the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments are eligible for appointment to administrative posts in the Agency and the Division.

Provident Fund.

14. The following is a summary of the rules relating to Provident Fund applicable to officers appointed to the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

The State Railway Provident Fund is established on the following basis :—

(*i*) Every officer is required to subscribe to the Provident Fund at a uniform monthly rate of one-twelfth of emoluments as defined in the Provident Fund Rules, to which is added half-yearly a bonus at the rate of 100 per cent. of an officer's subscriptions for the half year.

(*ii*) Compound interest at the rate announced for the purpose by the Governor-General in Council from time to time is allowed on the officer's subscription and bonus.

(*iii*) The sum which thus accumulates to the credit of an officer is paid to him on quitting the service ; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives.

(*iv*) In addition to the bonus allowed to in clause (*i*), officers of Indian State Railways are also eligible on retirement, at the discretion of the Railway Board, for special contribution for good, efficient, faithful

and continuous service, on the following conditions :—

(*a*) Completion of 30 years' service, or

(*b*) Attainment of age of 50 years, or

(*c*) Retirement on account of permanent incapacity due to bodily or mental infirmity, or

(*d*) Abolition of appointment due to a reduction of establishment, if other suitable employment cannot be found for the officer.

The amount of the special contribution admissible is as follows :—

(*a*) For service not exceeding 18 years, half of month's pay for each year of service, subject to a maximum of six months' pay ;

(*b*) For service in excess of 18 years, six months' pay *plus* half a month's pay for each year after the eighteenth, subject to a maximum of 12 months' pay or Rs. 25,000 whichever is less.

In case of an officer's death while in service the special contribution is paid to his widow or children dependent on him.

APPENDIX V.

[*Vide* Rule 20 (*f*).]

Courses of training for Probationers in the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments.

NOTE 1.—The Government of India reserve the right to reduce, at their discretion, the period of training in the case of candidates who have had previous training or experience either in the United Kingdom or India.

NOTE 2.—The programmes of training given below have been drawn up chiefly for the purpose of guidance ; they may be varied at the discretion of General Managers to suit particular cases, provided that the total aggregate period of training is not ordinarily curtailed.

I. Lenght of Course—Two years.	Months.
Area School to learn Guard's duties and elementary Station Accounts	2½
Working as Guard*	1
Attached to Yard Master	1
Posted to Goods and Transhipment Shed	1½
Traffic Accounts, including personal preparation of Balance Sheet at Stations ..	2
Area School to qualify as Assistant Station Mastery	1
Working as Assistant Station Master, Station Master, and Yard Foreman* ..	3
Working as Assistant Locomotive Foreman*	1
Working as Assistant Controller* ..	2
Training in District or Divisional Office ..	2
Training in Headquarters Office (Operating).	7 months, of which not less than 2 must be spent in the Operating Branch and in the Commercial Branch of a Headquarters Office.
Training in Headquarters Office (Commercial).	
Final theoretic1 Transportation and Commercial Course at Headquarters or at some other selected place, to be followed by an examination.	
Total	24

*NOTE.—Before a probationer is put to work independently as a Guard, Assistant Station Master, Station Master, Yard Foreman, Assistant Locomotive Foreman or Assistant Controller, he must be examined by a responsible officer of the administration in the respective duties for each of these posts and declared qualified.

2. Provided he passes the examination at the end of his two years' training a probationer who has not been selected for further training in rates work will be given charge of a working post on probation for a further year.

3. *Syllabus of a further year's training in rates work.*—At the end of his two years probation, a Probationer selected for training in Rates, will, as soon as convenient, be posted to the Rates Section of the Chief Commercial Manager's Office where his course of training will be as follows :—

1st month—	
1st week ..	Records of the section.
Remainder of the month.	Preparation of Rate and Fare Tables.
2nd month ..	Agreements with foreign railways regarding the routing of traffic and cases pertaining thereto. Agreements relating to worked lines.
3rd month ..	Compilation of tariffs and issue of notifications.
4th month ..	Understudy the head clerk of the coaching sub-section.
5th and 6th months—	
First fortnight.	Deal with applications for the quotation of rates, under the supervision of a responsible clerk.
Remainder of the period.	Understudy the head clerk of the goods sub-section.

NOTE.—During the 4th, 5th and 6th months, every case of the two sub-sections concerned, which, in the ordinary course, would be seen by their respective head clerks, must be seen and, where possible, noted on by the Probationer while he is understudying the head clerk of the sub-section.

7th month ..	Rates policy and practice and a study of the statistical figures of Traffic of State-managed Railways generally and of the Railway on which the Probationer is employed particularly.
8th month ..	Surveys, Road development, motor competition and general development.
9th month ..	Training in Traffic Accounts Branch and Railway Clearing Accounts Office.
10th to 12th month.	Understudy the Junior Officer of the Rates Section. During this period cases from the section submitted for orders must pass through the probationer who should be required to note thereon what orders he would pass. No action, however, is to be taken on these orders without the approval of the responsible Officer of the section.

4. Examinations will be held as may be required at the close of courses as well as at intervals during the period of training.

A. C. GRIFFIN,
Secretary, Railway Board.

H12RB—16,100—15-5-40—GIPS

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (INDIA).

APPLICATION FORM

for

the combined competitive examination to be held in November 1940 for recruitment to (1) the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department and the Indian Railway Accounts Service; (2) the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service; and (3) the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

(To be filled up in the candidate's own handwriting and submitted to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Delhi, so as to reach him on or before the 1st July, 1940.)

1. Name in full (in block capitals)	
2. Province or State to which you belong . . .	
3. Postal address in full. Any change of address should be communicated at once to the Secretary of the Federal Public Service Commission, Delhi. NOTE.—Candidates must make arrangements to see that communications addressed to them at the addresses stated in their applications are redirected, if necessary. The Federal Public Service Commission make every effort to take account of changes in candidates' addresses but cannot accept any responsibility in this matter.	
4. Exact date of birth	
5. Place of birth and Province or State in which it is situated.	
6. State your—	
(a) Religion—	(a)
(If Christian, state denomination) . . .	
(b) Community—	(b)
(If European or Anglo-Indian, state whether you are or are not of Indian domicile.)	
(c) Caste, Sect—	(c)
(d) Are you a member of a depressed class? (Answer Yes or No.) If Yes, give particulars.	(d)

7. Are you a { *British subject ? / Subject of a State in India ? }	
* To this and the next question, answer Yes or No and cancel the words which are not applicable.	
8. Is (or was) your father { a British subject ? / a subject of a State in India ? }	
9. (*a*) Your father's name.	
(*b*) His address (if dead, give last address).	
(*c*) His status and profession.	
10. Did your father ever change his nationality ?	
11. Is a declaration under Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935, necessary to your eligibility ? If so, have you taken steps to have it made ?	

12. What languages (including Indian languages) can you read or speak ? Give particulars.

Language.	Read only.	Read and speak.

13. Educational Institutions attended :—

(*a*) Secondary or High Schools*:—

Name of school.	Date of entering.	Date of leaving.

*Including the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

(*b*) University or Universities or other places of higher education (including the institution, if any, which you are at present attending).

Name of University, etc.	College, if any.	Date of entering.	Date of leaving.

14. Give particulars of all examinations passed at the University or place of higher education and degrees you obtained (*commencing with the Matriculation or equivalent Examination*).

Examination or Degree.	Distinction or Class obtained.*		Subjects taken.	Date.
	Pass.	Hons.		

*The entries made in this column relating to Degrees *must* be supported by documents such as Degree certificates or Diplomas in original.

5. Games played in School, College, etc.
   (*a*) in school.
   (*b*) afterwards.

6. Give the name, designation and address of the Officer of the University, College or School from whom you attach a Certificate of character [*vide* Instruction 5 (*iii*)].

7. Have you had any special preparation for this examination? If so, give particulars.

18. If your time since leaving School or College is not fully accounted for by the replies given above, account for the remainder here with dates. If you have had employers, state their names and addresses in full.

9. (*a*) Are you free from pecuniary embarrassment? (*a*)

   (*b*) If you are under liability to repay money advanced by any institution or party for your education, state the particulars. (*b*)

20. (*a*) Did you appear at, or apply for admission to, any examination held previously by the Public Service Commission (now Federal Public Service Commission) for recruitment to any Service or post under Government ? (Answer Yes or No.)	(*a*) _____
(*b*) Have you applied for any other examination to be held shortly by the Federal Public Service Commission? If the answer be "Yes", give the name of the examination or the examinations.	(*b*) _____

21. If the answer to item 20(*a*) is 'Yes', supply the following information as far as possible:—

Name of Examination.	Year.	Whether you were admitted to the examination and whether you appeared thereat.	Your Roll Number.	Rank.

22. Write clearly in the opposite column for which of the services mentioned below you wish to compete. If you wish to compete for more than one service, you must state in the column opposite the services in order of your preference.	
(1) (*a*) Indian Audit and Accounts Service.	(1) .....
(*b*) Imperial Customs Service.	(2) .....
(*c*) Military Accounts Department.	(3) .....
(*d*) Indian Railway Accounts Service.	(4) .....
(2) Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service.	(5) .....
(3) T. (T.) and C. D. of the S. R. E. of State Railways.	(6) .....

NOTE.—The selection of services and the order of preference, once made, will be treated as final.

23. Do you understand that Government have full discretion in the matter of appointing you to any of the Services, should you be so selected for appointment ?	

24. Do you understand that, if you are appointed to the Military Accounts Department, you will be called upon to sign an undertaking that you will, if required, serve in any part of India and also on field service either in or out of India ?	
25. If you are a candidate for the T. (T.) and C. D. of the S. R. E. of State Railways, state whether in case you are successful you would like to work on the State-worked Railways or any of the Company-worked Railways, recruitment for which may be made on the results of the examination.	

NOTE.—A candidate may, if he so chooses, enter against this item one or more or all of the Railways in order of preference.

26. In the following list of OPTIONAL SUBJECTS, you must write opposite each subject in which you wish to be examined, the name of that subject, and make certain that your selection conforms with the rules (*vide* Appendix II to the Rules). *You will be responsible for the consequences of any errors or omissions which you may make in filling up this form.*

NOTE.—No request for a change in the selection of subjects will be entertained.

(*a*) Pure Mathematics . . . . . 200 .....

(*b*) Applied Mathematics . . . . . 200 .....

(*c*) Chemistry . . . . . 200 .....

(*d*) Physics . . . . . 200 .....

(*e*) English Literature (General) . . . 200 .....

(*f*) Indian History . . . . . 200 .....

(*g*) British History . . . . . 200 .....

(*h*) General Economics . . . . . 200 .....

(*i*) Economic History . . . . . 100 .....

(*j*) Statistics . . . . . 100 .....

(*k*) One of the following languages with its literature (state which) :—

Latin, Greek, French, Sanskrit, Arabic or Persian . . . . . 200 .....

(*l*) Applied Mechanics . . . . . 200 .....

(*m*) Prime Movers . . . . . 100 .....

27. Give a list of the original documents attached to the application. [Copies must also be enclosed, where asked for; otherwise the original documents will not be returned, *vide* paragraph 5 of the Instructions to candidates	1. ..... 2. ..... 3. ..... 4. ..... 5. ..... 6. ..... 7. .....

Declaration to be signed by the candidate.

I hereby declare that the statements in this application are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and that I am a ** { British subject domiciled in India. / Ruler or subject of a State in India. / Native of a tribal area or territory adjacent to India. }

Date———————— Signature————————

**Strike out the portions not applicable.

Additional Declaration to be signed by those candidates who claim to be Sikhs.

I hereby declare that I am a *bona fide*

† { Keshadhari Sikh; / Sehjadhari Sikh and have never been a Keshadhari Sikh; }

and I further declare that I have not embraced Sikhism within the twelve months preceding the issue of the Notice announcing the examination for which I am a candidate.

Signature.....

Date.....

† Strike out the portion not applicable to you.

For the use of Government Servants only.

[*Vide* Instruction 2.]

CERTIFICATE BY THE HEAD OF DEPARTMENT OR OFFICE.

Certified that Mr.....holds $\frac{substantively}{a}$ $\frac{a\ permanent}{temporary}$ post under the Central/Provincial Government. His character, so far as known to me, is good, and his work suggests that he would be suitable for appointment if he is successful in the examination. I recommend that he be admitted to it.

*2. Certified also that, under proviso (*a*) to rule 11 of the Rules prescribed for the Indian Audit and Accounts Service/Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service Examination, he is eligible to compete only for the.....

Signature———————

Designation———————

Department———————

Date———————

* Strike out if not required.

For the use of men seeking admission to the competitive examination to be held in November 1940 for appointment to the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department and the Indian Railway Accounts Service; the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service; and the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

[*Vide instruction 5 (v).*]

LABORATORY CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify that Mr.———————————————has undergone after passing the Intermediate or equivalent Examination practical laboratory training in *Physics/Chemistry for one year in the———————————————College———————————, an institution authorised to prepare candidates in that subject for a University Degree.

Signature ———————————————

Designation ———————————————

School or College ———————————————

Date———————————————

N. B.—The certificate should clearly state that a candidate has undergone practical training for not less than one year in each subject.

This certificate *must* be signed by the Principal of the College, or by the heads of the departments of Physics and /or Chemistry.

*If the certificate relates to only one of the subjects, strike out the reference to the other.

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (INDIA).

Instructions to candidates regarding the filling up and submission of applications for admission to the combined competitive examination to be held in November 1940, for recruitment to (1) the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department and the Indian Railway Accounts Service (2) The Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service, and (3) the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

1. A copy each of the Notice, Rules and the Application form for the Examination is sent herewith. Candidates should consult them to see if they are eligible before filling up the application form, or paying the application fee into a treasury. *The conditions prescribed cannot be relaxed.*

2. The enclosed application form must be filled up in the candidate's own handwriting. It should be submitted direct to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Metcalfe House, Delhi, except by candidates already in Government* Service, whether in a permanent or temporary capacity. Government servants must submit their applications through the Head of the Department or office concerned, who will, if he considers the candidate eligible for the examination, forward it to the Federal Public Service Commission with his recommendations (*vide* page 7 of the Application Form). *No application received after the 1st July 1940, will be accepted.*

3. If a candidate sends his application by post and desires an acknowledgment, he must send the application "Registered, acknowledgment due". No applications will be otherwise acknowledged.

4. A candidate who is found to have knowingly furnished any particulars which are false, or to have suppressed material information, will be disqualified and, if appointed, will be liable to dismissal.

5. The following documents must be sent in with the application. Candidates are warned that if the application is incompletely or wrongly filled up or is not accompanied by any of these documents or by a reasonable explanation of its absence, it will be summarily rejected, and that no appeal against its rejection will be entertained.

(i) *A treasury receipt for Rs. 82-8-0.*—The amount should be deposited in the nearest Government Treasury, or in a branch of the Imperial Bank of India, or in a State Treasury authorised to transact business on behalf of Government. (Amounts deposited at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras and Rangoon should be deposited in the Reserve Bank of India instead of the Imperial Bank of India.) The Treasury or Bank should be asked to credit the amount to the Government under account head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments—Examination fees—Receipts of the Federal Public Service Commission". *CANDIDATES MUST SEE THAT THEY ARE ELIGIBLE AND MUST DECIDE DEFINITELY TO APPLY BEFORE DEPOSITING THIS FEE IN THE TREASURY. EXCEPT WHEN A CANDIDATE IS ELIMINATED BY THE COMMISSION UNDER RULE 8 OF THE RULES, THE FEE WILL NOT BE RETURNED IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES WHATEVER NOR WILL IT BE HELD IN RESERVE FOR SUBSEQUENT EXAMINATIONS OR SELECTIONS.*

The name of the examination and of the treasury at which the fee is deposited should be clearly entered in the treasury receipt. The treasury

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* Service rendered under the Government of an Indian State is not regarded as "Government Service."

receipt should be on the blue form pertaining to Central Government transactions and should be obtained from the treasury at which the fee is deposited. If, however, the blue form is not available in the treasury, the ordinary form hitherto employed should be used.

NOTE 1.—Candidates, who are in the United Kingdom at the time of submitting their applications, should deposit the amount of their application fee (the equivalent of Rs. 82-8-0) in the office of the High Commissioner for India, London, and forward the receipt from that office.

NOTE 2.—Cash or postal orders or cheques will not be accepted by the Federal Public Service Commission.

(*ii*) *Evidence of age.*—Only an extract from the Register of Matriculates or a Matriculation Certificate in original or a certificate equivalent thereto [see Note (1) below] in original will be accepted and this must be sent with the application. If the Matriculation or equivalent certificate gives the age of the candidate or the date of his birth by the year and month only, *and if this by itself is insufficient to establish that the date of birth falls within the prescribed limits*, then the candidate must submit, in addition to the Matriculation or equivalent certificate, a certificate from the Headmaster of the High School which he first attended, showing his exact age on the date of admission. Any candidate, who omits to send such a certificate, does so at his own risk and renders himself liable to be disqualified.

An Anglo-Indian, or a Domiciled European or an Indian Christian, if his Matriculation or equivalent certificate does not show the exact date of his birth, must send his baptismal or birth registration certificate *in original in addition to his Matriculation or equivalent certificate.*

NOTE 1.—By " equivalent certificate " is meant a certifiate of an examination recognised by an Indian University or Board of Intermediate or Secondary Education as equivalent to Matriculation.

A Transfer certificate from a school or a college is not an " equivalent certificate " and will not be accepted as evidence of age.

NOTE 2.—If a candidate claims that the correct date of his birth is other than that recorded in his Matriculation certificate or a certificate equivalent thereto, he must send direct to the Federal Public Service Commission all the evidence on which he bases his claim, as soon as he has submitted his application. He should also explain how his age was wrongly recorded and must state whether he has made any attempts to have the date corrected and the results of such attempts. The fact that a candidate claims a different date of birth from that shown in his Matriculation or equivalent certificate in no way absolves him from the obligation to submit that certificate, which is required in all cases.

(*iii*) *A certificate of character in original and also a copy thereof*, from the Chief Officer in charge of discipline in the educational institution which the candidate is attending or, in the case of those who have finished their education, which he last attended.

NOTE.—This certificate should be signed by the Principal of an affiliated college, the Vice-Chancellor, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, or Provost or Proctor or Dean of a Faculty, if in general charge of discipline, in a non-affiliating University, or the Headmaster (or the Principal, if there is one) of a school.

(*iv*) A certificate in original, with a copy thereof, from the University or Institution showing that the candidate has one of the educational qualifications prescribed in the Regulations. A Diploma or a *formal* " provisional certificate ", issued in accordance with the practice in the particular University concerned, may be submitted.

NOTE.—If a candidate possesses educational qualifications higher than those mentioned in the Regulations he must also submit proofs of such qualifications, *i.e.*, if he is a post-graduate, he must submit his M. A. or M. Sc. degree or other higher certificate *in addition to* the B.A. or B. Sc. or other degree certificate.

(*v*) In the case of candidates who offer Physics or Chemistry as an optional subject, a certificate in the form enclosed, with a copy thereof.

NOTE 1.—Candidates who have appeared at an examination the passing of which would render them eligible to appear at this examination but have not been informed of the result may apply for admission to this examination. They will, however, be required to furnish to the Federal Public Service Commission before the 1st August, 1940, proof of having passed such qualifying examination.

NOTE 2.—If the candidate has already submitted the required certificates in connection with another examination conducted by the Federal Public Service Commission and if they have not yet been returned to him he should mention the fact when submitting this application, and if possible enclose a copy of each certificate. If the certificates are not with the Commission, they should be sent with the application irrespective of whether the candidate appeared at a previous examination conducted by the Commission or not. If any certificate cannot be submitted with the application, a reasonable explanation of its absence must be given.

NOTE 3.—The originals of the certificates forwarded in accordance with paragraphs 5(*ii*) to 5(*v*) will be returned when the result of the application is communicated but will not be returned if copies (where asked for) have not been submitted.

6. A candidate for whom a declaration under Section 262 of the Government of India Act, 1935, is necessary should immediately on receipt of the Application Form take steps to obtain the declaration. He will not be appointed unless he has obtained the declaration, whether or not he has already obtained a declaration under Section 96A of the Government of India Act, 1919.

7. Only successful candidates will be medically examined. Candidates are recommended to consult a Civil Surgeon as to their physical fitness before entering for the examination. A copy of the Regulations for the physical examination of candidates for appointment to the service of the Government of India is sent herewith. The regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their satisfying the required physical standard, but they are not intended to restrict the discretion of the Medical Examiners in any way.

8. All communications in respect of an application should state the name of the examination and the candidate's address as mentioned in the application form and should be addressed to " the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Delhi ". Otherwise such communications will not be attended to.

9. Candidates must make arrangements to see that communications addressed to them at the addresses stated in their applications are redirected, if necessary. Also any change of address should be communicated *at once* to the Secretary of the Federal Public Service Commission. Although the Federal Public Service Commission make every effort to take account of changes in candidate's addresses they cannot accept any responsibility in the matter.

10. The fact that an application form has been supplied, on whatever date will not be accepted as an excuse for the late submission of an application or as evidence of the receiver's eligibility to compete.

11. Candidates must write in column 26 of the application, opposite each subject in which they wish to be examined, the name of that subject.

12. Every candidate for admission to this examination will be informed at the earliest possible date of the result of his application. It is not possible, however, to say when that result will be communicated. If a candidate does not receive a communication regarding the result of his application a fortnight before the commencement of the examination, he should at once write to the Commission. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the candidate of any claim to consideration.

NOTE.—Copies of the pamphlets, containing question papers, etc., relating to previous examinations can be had from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, provided they are in stock and are available for sale.

Syllabus for the Competitive Examination to be held in November 1940 for recruitment to the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, the Imperial Customs Service, the Military Accounts Department, the Indian Railway Accounts Service, the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service and the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

(NOTE.—In the optional subjects Nos. 7-19 inclusive the standard of the questions set will approximate to those set ... the Honours Degree examination of an Indian University.)

1. *Essay.*—An essay to be written in English on one or two of several specified subjects.

2. *English.*—Questions to test the understanding of and the power to write English. Passages will usually be set for summary or precis.

3. *General Knowledge.*—Including knowledge of current events.

4. *Elementary Geography.*—The general and political geography of the world. A special knowledge of the Geography of India and neighbouring countries will be expected. Questions on physical and economic geography may be set. The paper will not be of an advanced character.

5. *Elementary Mathematics*—

(1) *Arithmetic.*—The whole of arithmetic. (The use of algebraical symbols and processes will be permitted).

(2) *Algebra.*—The four simple rules ; Fractions ; Greatest Common Measure ; Least Common Multiple ; Factors ; Remainder Theorem ; Proportion ; Simple Equations of one or more unknown quantities with easy problems : Quadratic equations, with easy problems : Graphs and their applications. (Candidates will be provided with squared paper).

6. *Viva Voce.*—The examination is intended to test the candidate's alertness, intelligence and general outlook. In assigning marks regard will be paid to the candidate's previous career.

7 & 8. *Mathematics (pure and applied).*—There will be one paper on Pure and one on Applied Mathematics. The subjects included in Pure Mathematics will be—

(1) Algebra, Trigonometry and Theory of Equations with Determinants.

(2) Pure Plane Geometry and Analytical Geometry of two and three dimensions.

(3) Differential and Integral Calculus and Differential Equations.

The subjects included in Applied Mathematics will be—

(1) Statics (including Theory of attractions and Potential) and Hydrostatics.

(2) Dynamics of a particle and Elementary Rigid Dynamics.

9. *Chemistry.*—There will be only one paper on General (including physical) Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry and Organic Chemistry.

10. *Physics.*—There will be only one paper on General Physics, Heat and Sound, Electricity, Magnetism and Light.

11. *English Literature.*—(General.) Candidates will be expected to show a general knowledge of the history of English Literature from the time of Chaucer to the end of the reign of Queen Victoria and to give evidence of wide reading in English Literature.

12 & 13. *Indian and British History.*—The examination will be in Indian History from the beginning of Asoka's reign to the close of the 19th Century and in British History from 1485 to 1880. The papers will include questions on social and literary developments.

14. *General Economics.*—Candidates will be expected to have a knowledge of economic theory and should be prepared both to illustrate the theory by the facts and to analyse the facts by the help of the theory. Questions may be set on the history of economic thought.

15. *Economic History.*—Candidates will be expected to have a knowledge of both British and Indian economic history with special reference to the economic development of India during the British period ; such knowledge will be expected of conditions in other countries as is necessary for the understanding of the subject.

16. *Statistics.*—Frequency distributions, averages, percentiles, and simple methods of measuring dispersion, graphic methods, treatment of qualitative data, *e.g.*, investigation of association by comparison of ratios, the practice of graphic and algebraic methods or interpolation.

(2) Practical methods used in the analysis and interpretation of statistics of prices, wages and incomes, trade transport, production and consumption, education, etc., methods of dealing with population and vital statistics, miscellaneous methods used in handling statistics of experiments or observations.

(3) Elements of modern mathematical theory of statistics, frequency curves and the mathematical representation of groups generally, accuracy of sampling as affecting averages, percentages, the standard deviation, significance of observed differences between averages of groups, etc., the theory of correlation for two variables.

17. *Languages.*—Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the principal classical authors and to be able to translate from and compose in the language.

NOTE.—Unless otherwise directed in the Question paper the answers to questions in Sanskrit must be written in Devanagri script.

18. *Applied Mechanics.*—

(*a*) *Buildings.*

Consideration of materials used in the construction of roof-trusses. Steel and timber, Determination of stresses in trusses by various methods. Dead-loads and wind pressures. Factors of safety and working stresses.

Design of roof-trusses. Various types of roof-trusses and roof-coverings; collar beam and hammer beam trusses.

Use of Euler's, Gordon's, Rankine's, Fidler's, Johnson's and straight line formulæ in the design of struts. Buckling factor of struts; curves showing comparative strength of struts obtained by various formulæ. Choice of size of sections. Finish of steel work. Joints. Design of end-bearings; methods of fixing and supporting ends.

Application of circle and ellipse of stress and Clapeyron's theorem to design of structures.

Cast Iron and Steel Columns.—Flange and web connections to steel columns caps; bases; transverse bracing of columns.

Foundations.—Safe pressures, foundations for columns. Slab foundations; cantilever foundations; grillage foundations. Wells. Piles.

Retaining Walls and Earth pressures.—Rankine's theory, Wedge theory, Winkler's and Bligh's graphical constructions with corrections. Design of various types of retaining walls in masonry.

Tall Masonry and Steel Chimneys.—Theory and design.

Design of Steel and masonry reservoirs, with considerations of wind-pressures.

Deflection of framed structures and determination of stresses, etc., in redundant frames.

Influence diagrams for bending moment and shear for uniformly distributed and irregular loads on trusses, built-in beams, and three pinned, parabolic, semi-elliptic and semi-circular arches.

General principles of dome design.

Principles of Building Design; consideration of loads on buildings. Steel-work, girders, etc., for buildings.

(*b*) *Bridges.*

Design of superstructures. Determination by graphic and analytical methods of bending moment due to moving loads. Wind pressures.

Design of masonry bridges and culverts.

Plate-webb girders. Analysis of stresses.

Warren and lattice girders.

Three pinned arches; doubly pinned and rigid arches.

General considerations on the design of suspension, cantilever, and tubular bridges.

Steel arched bridges.

Swing bridges.

(*c*) *Reinforced Concrete.*

Shear, bond, and diagonal tension; its nature, evaluation and location of reinforcement.

Design of simple doubly reinforced beams and continuous beams.

Theory and design of reinforced concrete columns and piles.

Design of slab foundations.

Design of simple cantilever and counterfort retaining walls.

Equivalent moments of inertia for reinforced concrete sections.

Theory of elastic deflections and outline of investigation of stresses in reinforced concrete arches.

(*d*) *General.*

Analysis of stress, analysis of strain, elastic limit and ultimate strength. Relation between the elastic constants. Launhardt-Weyrauch formula for working stresses in a structural member and determination of its cross sectional area. Repetition of stresses. Bending moment and shearing force diagrams for dead loads. Graphical determination of stresses in frames; effect of wind pressure; method of sections. Stress in the cross-section of a beam due to bending (M/I f/y E/R); compound and conjugated stresses. Rankine's theory of earth-pressure; depth of foundations and strength of footings. Grillage foundation; Coulomb's theory of earth-pressure modification due to Rebahn.

Bending moment and shearing force diagrams for live loads. Analysis of uniform and uniformly varying stress. Elastic theory of bending of beams; bending and shear stresses in beams. Modulus of section and equivalent areas. Maximum and minimum stresses in a joint due to eccentric loading. Stresses in dams and chimneys. Stability of block-work structures. Design of rivetted joints and stresses in boiler shells. Euler's theory concerning struts; modifications due to Rankine, Gordon and others. Torsion. Combined torsion and bending deflections. Encastre beams. Continuous beams and theorem of three moments. Elastic theory of arches. Masonry arches.

19. *Prime Movers.*—

Fuel, Gas Plants and Boilers—

(*a*) *Fuel.*—Coal, wood, petroleum, gas, petrol, alcohol, etc., physical characteristics; approximate chemical composition; heat of combustion.

(*b*) *Gas Plants.*—Gas-producers; pressure suction plants; arrangement and working.

(*c*) *Boilers.*—Draught; natural, forced and induced. Ordinary forms of stationary, locomotive, marine, water-tube and other types; heating surface, firegrate area; boiler efficiency; superheaters; feedwater heaters accessories and management.

Theory of Heat Engines—

(*a*) Thermodynamical principles ; Carnot's cycle ; perfect heat engine ; second law.

(*b*) *Air Engines.*—Stirling and other forms.

(*c*) *Internal Combustion Engines.*—Gas, oil and petrol engines ; engines with fluid pistons ; types and working ; features of cycle. Proportioning of mixtures ; efficiencies.

(*d*) *Steam.*—Thermodynamics of the generation, expansion and condensation of steam heat-diagrams, etc.

(*e*) Steam engines and turbines, with special reference to modern developments.

(*f*) *Refrigerating Plant.*—Theory and general arrangement of the more common types.

(*g*) *Air Compressors.*—Theory of pneumatic working.

Generating Plants, Accessories and Details—

(*a*) General arrangement and construction of the more important types.

(*b*) Condensers, air-pumps, circulating pumps, cooling tanks, etc.

(*c*) Carburettors, and systems of ignition.

(*d*) Cylinders, pistons, cross-heads, guides, connecting rods, cranks, governors, fly-wheels, valves and valve gears, glands and pipes.

(*e*) *Engine-Testing.*—Consumption of steam and fuel, gas and oil ; brakes and dynamo-meters, indicators and indicator diagrams.

Indian Audit and Accounts Service, Imperial Customs Service, Military Accounts Department, Indian Railway Accounts Service and the Postal Superintendents (Class II) Service Examination, 1940.

Regulations as to the physical examination of candidates for appointment to the service of Government of India.

(These regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Government of India reserve to themselves an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom they may consider, on the report of the Medical Board, to be physically disqualified for the Public Service, and that their discretion is in no respect limited by these regulations.)

[Save as provided in regulation 2 (*b*) these Regulations are intended merely for the guidance of Medical Examiners and are not meant to restrict their discretion in any way.]

1. To be passed as fit for an appointment under Government in India a candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of his appointment.

2. (*a*) The following table of correlation of age, height and chest girth is to be used as a guide in the examination of candidates of European race. It is not applicable to candidates of Indian or mixed race.

(*b*) For all candidates for appointment to the Indian Police a minimum height of 5 ft. 4 ins. is required. For Indian Police candidates not of European race a minimum chest measurement of 33 ins. (girth when fully expanded, with a minimum expansion of 2 ins.) is required. These minima are absolute and no Medical Officer or Board has power to waive them.

Physical Equivalents.

Age last birthday.	Height without shoes.	Chest.	
		Girth when fully expanded.	Range of expansion not less than—
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
16	60 and under 62	32½	2
	62 ,, 65	33½	2
	65 ,, 68	33½	2
	68 ,, 72	34	2
	72 and upwards	34½	2
17	62 and under 65	33½	2
	65 ,, 68	34	2
	68 ,, 72	34½	2
	72 and upwards	35	2
18	62 and under 65	34	2
	65 ,, 68	34½	2
	68 ,, 72	35	2
	72 and upwards	35½	2
19	62½ and under 65	34½	2
	65 ,, 68	34½	2
	68 ,, 70	35	2
	70 ,, 72	35½	2
	72 and upwards	36	2
20	62½ and under 65	34½	2
	65 ,, 68	34½	2
	68 ,, 70	35	2
	70 ,, 72	35½	2
	72 and upwards	36	2
21 and upwards	62½ and under 65	34½	2
	65 ,, 68	35	2
	68 ,, 70	35½	2
	70 ,, 72	36	2
	72 and upwards	36½	2

3. The candidate's height will be measured as follows :—He will remove his shoes and be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels and not on the toes or outer side of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heel, calves, buttocks and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be recorded in inches and parts of an inch to quarters.

4. The candidate's chest will be measured as follows :—He will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his arms over his head. The tape will be so adjusted round the chest that its upper edge touches the inferior angles of the shoulder blades behind, and its lower edge the upper part of the nipples in front. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to take a deep inspiration several times and the maximum expansion of the chest will be carefully noted.

The minimum and maximum will then be recorded in inches 33—35, 34—36½, etc.

In recording the measurements fractions of less than ½ inch should not be noted.

5. The candidate will also be weighed, and his weight recorded in pounds. Fractions of a pound should not be noted.

6. (A) The examination for determining the acuteness of vision includes two tests, one for distant, the other for near, vision. Snellen's test types will be used for the test for distant vision, without glasses at a distance of 20 feet, and for the test for near vision without glasses, at any distance selected by the candidate. The standards of the minimum acuteness of vision which will be used for guidance in the examination of a candidate are as follows :—

STANDARD I.

Right eye.	Left eye.
Distant vision—V=6/6.	V=6/6.
Near vision—Reads, 0, 6.	Reads 0, 6.

STANDARD II.

Better eye.	Worse eye.
Distant vision—V=6/6.	V, without glasses=not below 6/60 and after correction with glasses= not below 6/24.
Near vision—Reads 0, 6.	Reads 1.

STANDARD III.

Better eye.	Worse eye.
Distant vision=V, without glasses =not below 6/24*; and after correction with glasses=not below 6/6.	V, without glasses=not below 6/24* and after correction with glasses =not below 6/12.
Near vision.—Reads 0, 8.	Reads 1.

(B) Each eye must have a full field of vision as tested by hand movements.

(C) Squint or any morbid condition of the eyes or of the lids of either eye liable to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, will cause the rejection of the candidate.

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* Temporarily lowered to 6/60 except for the Indian Police.

(D) Each eye will be examined separately and the lids must be kept wide open during the test.

(E) Inability to distinguish the principal colours will not be regarded as a cause for rejection but the fact will be noted in the proceedings and the candidate will be informed.

(F) The degree of acuteness of vision of all candidates for appointments will be entered in the proceedings in the following manner :—

V. R.=.....; with glasses=.....; Reads.....

V. L.=.....; with glasses= .....; Reads.....

(G) In cases of serious abnormality the opinion of an ophthalmic specialist should be obtained.

NOTE 1.—Special rules apply to Royal Indian Navy and Railway Servants (excluding Indian Railway Accounts Service).

NOTE 2.—No candidate will be accepted for appointment if his vision does not come up to the requirements specified above without the use of Contact glasses.—(A contact glass or lens is defined as a glass shell, the concavity of which is in contact with the globe of the eye, a layer of liquid being interposed between the lens and the cornea. The meaning of the word " glasses " wherever used above is to be interpreted as not covering contact glasses.)

7. The urine (passed in presence of the Examiner) should be examined and the result recorded.

8. The following additional points should be observed :—

(*a*) that the candidate's hearing in each ear is good and that there is no sign of disease of the ear ;

(*b*) that his speech is without impediment ;

(*c*) that his teeth are in good order and that he is provided with dentures where necessary for effective mastication (well filled teeth will be considered as sound) ;

(*d*) that his chest is well formed and his chest expansion sufficient, and that his heart and lungs are sound ;

(*e*) that there is no evidence of any abdominal disease ;

(*f*) that he is not ruptured ;

(*g*) that he does not suffer from hydrocele, a severe degree of varicocele, varicose veins or piles ;

(*h*) that his limbs, hands and feet are well formed and developed and that there is free and perfect motion of all his joints ;

(*i*) that he does not suffer from any inveterate skin disease ;

(*j*) that there is no congenital malformation or defect ;

(*k*) that he does not bear traces of acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution ;

(*l*) that he bears marks of efficient vaccination.

When any defect is found it must be noted in the certificate and the medical examiner should state his opinion whether or not it is likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties which will be required of the candidate. If the condition is remediable by operation it should be so stated.

NOTE.—Candidates are warned that there is no right of appeal from a Medical Board, special or standing, appointed to determine their fitness for the above Service. If, however, Government are satisfied, on the evidence produced to them, of the possibility of an error of judgment in the decision of the first Board, it is open to Government to allow an appeal to a second Board.

GIPD—M—33 FPSC—16-5-40—16,000

Regulations as to the Physical Examination of candidates for admission into the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, 1940.

(These regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Government of India reserve to themselves an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom they may consider, on the report of the Medical Board, to be physically disqualified for the Railway Services, and that their discretion is in no respect limited by these regulations.)

1. To be passed as fit for an appointment as an officer of the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments a candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of his appointment.

2. In the matter of the correlation of age, height and chest-girth of candidates of Indian (including Anglo-Indian) race, it is left to the Medical Board to use whatever correlation figures are considered most suitable as a guide in the examination of the candidates.

NOTE.—The following table of correlation of age height and chest-girth is to be used as a guide in the examination of candidates of European race.

Physical Equivalents.

Age last birthday.	Height without shoes.	Girth when fully expanded.	Chest range of expansion not less than
		Inches.	Inches.
16	60 and under 62 inches	32½	2
	62 „ 65 „	33½	2
	65 „ 68 „	33½	2
	68 „ 72 „	34	2
	72 and upwards	34½	2
17	62 and under 65 inches	33½	2
	65 „ 68 „	34	2
	68 „ 72 „	34½	2
	72 and upwards	35	2
18	62 and under 65 inches	34	2
	65 „ 68 „	34½	2
	68 „ 72 „	35	2
	72 and upwards	35½	2
19	62½ and under 65 inches	34½	2
	65 „ 68 „	34½	2
	68 „ 70 „	35	2
	70 „ 72 „	35½	2
	72 and upwards	36	2
20	62½ and under 65 inches	34½	2
	65 „ 68 „	34½	2
	68 „ 70 „	35	2
	70 „ 72 „	35½	2
	72 and upwards	36	2
21 and upwards.	62½ and under 65 inches	34½	2
	65 „ 68 „	35	2
	68 „ 70 „	35½	2
	70 „ 72 „	36	2
	72 and upwards	36½	2

3. The candidate's height will be measured as follows :—He will remove his shoes and be placed against the standard with his feet together and the weight thrown on the heels and not on the toes or outer sides of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity and with the heels, calves, buttock, and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be recorded in inches and parts of an inch to quarters. No fixed limit of height is enforced.

4. The candidate's chest will be measured as follows :—He will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his arms over his head. The tape will be so adjusted round the chest that its upper edge touches the inferior angles of the shoulder blades behind, and its lower edge the upper part of the nipples in front. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to take a deep inspiration several times and the maximum expansion of the chest will be carefully noted, and the minimum and maximum will then be recorded in inches, 33—35, 34—36½, etc. In recording the measurements, fractions of less than ½ inch should not be noted.

5. The candidate will also be weighed and his weight recorded in pounds. Fractions of a pound should not be noted.

6. The candidate's eye-sight will be tested in accordance with the following rules. The results of each test will be recorded :—

(*i*) *General.*—The candidate's eyes will be submitted to a general examination directed to the detection of any disease or abnormality. The candidate will be rejected if he suffers from any morbid conditions of eyes, eye-lids or contiguous structures, of such a sort as to render, or to be likely at a future date to render him unfit for service.

(*ii*) *Visual Acuity.*—The candidate will be examined, with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers, to determine his acuity of vision, and the examination will include two tests, one for distant and the other for near vision. Each eye will be examined separately. No candidate will be accepted whose Visual Acuity falls below the following standards :

—	The one eye	The other eye
Distant vision—		
without glasses	6/12	6/18
corrected with glasses	6/6	6/9
Manifest Hyperopia	1·5	1·5
Near vision—		
with or without glasses	0·6	0·6

(*iii*) *Colour perception.*—The candidate will be examined for colour knowledge with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by

the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers. Any defect of colour perception will be a cause for rejection of the candidate.

(*iv*) *Night Blindness.*—The candidate's Night Vision will be tested, with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by the Railway Board's Advisory Committee of Medical Officers, to ascertain whether or not he suffers from night blindness. The candidate who under the conditions of the ordinary Test for Visual Acuity has 6/6 Vision with both eyes open, with or without glasses, will be rejected, if, under the conditions of the Night Blindness Test, his vision with both eyes open, with or without glasses, falls below 6/24.

(*v*) *Field of Vision.*—The fields of vision of the candidate's eyes will be examined with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers. Any defect will be a cause for rejection of the candidate.

N. B.—No Candidate will be accepted for appointment if his vision does not come up to the requirements specified above without the use of Contact glasses. (A contact glass or lens is defined as a glass shell, the concavity of which is in contact with the globe of the eye, a layer of liquid being interposed between the lens and the cornea. The meaning of the word " glasses " wherever used above is to be interpreted as not covering contact glasses.)

7. The urine (passed in the presence of the examiner) should be examined and the result recorded.

8. The following additional points should be observed :—

(*a*) that the candidate's hearing in each ear is good and that there is no sign of disease of the ear ;

(*b*) that his speech is without impediment ;

(*c*) that his teeth are in good order and that he is provided with dentures where necessary for effective mastication (well filled teeth will be considered sound) ;

(*d*) that his chest is well formed and his chest expansion sufficient: and that his heart and lungs are sound ; and that his blood pressure is within normal limits ;

(*e*) that there is no evidence of any abdominal disease ;

(*f*) that he is not ruptured ;

(*g*) that he does not suffer from a severe degree of hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins or piles ;

(*h*) that his limbs, hands and feet are well formed and developed and that there is free and perfect motion of all his joints ;

(*i*) that he does not suffer from any inveterate skin disease ;

(*j*) that there is no congenital malformation or defect ;

(*k*) that he does not bear traces of acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution ; and

(*l*) that he bears marks of efficient vaccination.

When any defect is found it must be noted and the medical examiners should state their opinion as to whether or not it is likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties which will be required of the candidate. If the condition is remediable by operation it should be so stated.

NOTE.—Candidates are warned that there is no right of appeal from a Medical Board, special or standing, appointed to determine their fitness for the above Services. If, however, Government are satisfied on the evidence produced to them of the possibility of an error of judgment in the decision of the first Board, it is open to Government to allow an appeal to a second Board.